

**Indian Education.**—The educational work of the Department is now very extensive. In the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1932, a total of 350 Indian schools were in operation, including 80 residential schools for Indians with an enrolment of 8,213, and 261 day schools for Indians with an enrolment of 8,775 Indian pupils, also 9 combined public and Indian schools, with 175 Indian pupils enrolled. The total enrolment in the Indian schools has increased from 12,799 in 1915-16 to 17,163 in 1931-32 and the average attendance from 8,080 to 13,107 or from 63.1 p.c. to 76.4 p.c. of the enrolment. Continuation and high school work is now being taught in several of the day and residential schools. The amount spent on Indian education in the fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 1932, was \$2,004,957.

**8.—Enrolment and Average Attendance of Pupils at Indian Schools, fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1916-32.**

Fiscal Year.	Residential Schools.		Day Schools.		All Schools.		Percentage of Attendance.
	Enrolment.	Average Attendance.	Enrolment.	Average Attendance.	Enrolment.	Average Attendance.	
1916.....	4,661	4,029	8,138	4,051	12,799	8,080	63.1
1917.....	4,520	4,149	7,658	4,136	12,178	8,285	68.0
1918.....	4,692	4,081	7,721	3,797	12,413	7,878	63.5
1919.....	4,640	4,014	7,312	3,587	11,952	7,601	63.6
1920.....	4,719	4,133	7,477	3,516	12,196	7,649	62.7
1921.....	4,783	4,143	7,775	3,931	12,558	8,074	64.3
1922.....	5,031	4,360	7,990	4,308	13,021	8,668	66.6
1923.....	5,347	4,695	8,375	4,411	13,723	9,106	66.4
1924.....	5,673	4,856	8,199	4,332	13,872	9,188	66.2
1925.....	6,031	5,278	8,191	4,601	14,222	9,879	69.5
1926.....	6,327	5,658	8,455	4,940	14,782	10,598	71.7
1927.....	6,641	5,881	8,069	4,660	14,710	10,541	71.7
1928.....	6,795	6,043	8,223	4,823	15,018	10,866	72.4
1929.....	7,075	6,282	8,272	4,976	15,347	11,258	73.4
1930.....	7,302	6,476	8,441	5,103	15,743	11,579	73.6
1931.....	7,831	6,917	8,584	5,314	16,415	12,231	74.5
1932.....	8,213	7,400	8,950	5,707	17,163	13,107	76.4

**Recent Economic Progress of the Indians.**—The Indians of Canada have made remarkable progress in economic status during the past decade. When the fact is kept in mind that the Indians, unlike the whites, are not increasing rapidly in numbers, the significance of the figures which follow will be better appreciated. The area of the land under cultivation by Indians was 236,761 acres in 1932, as compared with 173,198 acres in 1916. Their live stock in 1931 included 37,255 horses and 50,198 cattle, as compared with 35,315 horses and 37,188 cattle in 1916. The total income of the Indians was \$6,500,257 in 1931, as compared with \$6,241,497 in 1916. Information showing the acreage and value of Indian lands in 1932, the crops raised in 1931, the live stock owned by Indians in 1931, the sources and values of the income of Indians in 1931, is given by provinces in Tables 9 to 12.